Nepal Goat Farming Project





Purpose Site Overview

Village Name :Kolati Village , Bhumlu-1,Kavre ,Nepal

Total Households:450

Total Population: 2325

Women Population: 1395

Male Population: 930

Occupation: 97.26 % people involve in agriculture

Literacy Rate: 56.21%

Ethnicity: 82/% Majhi, Pahari etc (indigenous, 14% Dalit (So

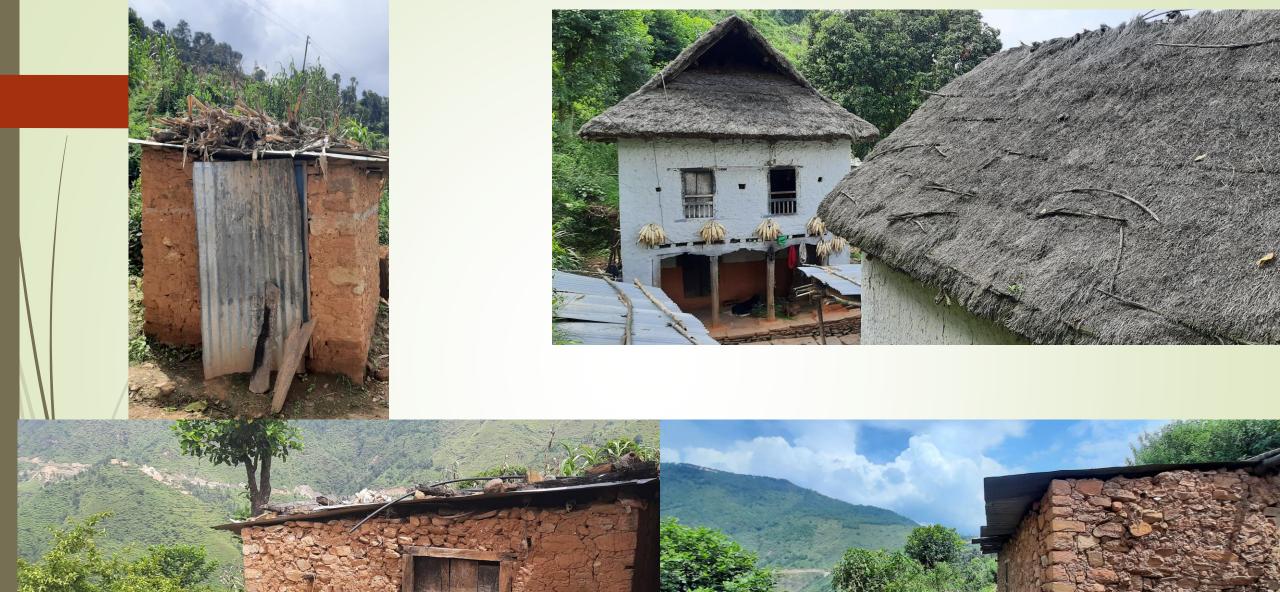
called Group) & 4 % Brahamin & Kshetri



Need Assessment 14-9-2020













Need Assessment Finding

- Agriculture can support livelihood up to 3 months
- Only Maize and some local cereals are grown during monsoon season and rest of the time land is barren due to lack of irrigation as area is shortage of water
- Due to economic hardship most of the male of the house go to urban area for carrying goods as daily wage labor
- Due to economic hardship many children stopped their education at class 8 and go for work
- Girls get early marriage due to economic hardship
- More than half population have 1-2 goats but only for manure only and have no economical benefit,
 they graze goat during winter season to make land fertile for monsoon
- Around 70% people have bank loan to construct house as NepalEarthquake2015 demolished most of the house. People have also taken loan as well to have buffalo to pay bank loan but things are not going well
- Modern Goat Farming is the best solution to the current problem of people of Kolati Village as people are aware of goat farming. With proper training and good breeds of goats along with bucks, people can make good income. One pair of good breeds of goat can make profit of USD.10,000 in three years. Goat is easy to farm and need less water than any other cattle. There are plenty of grazing area.

Project Modality

- 1. At present, we form or use existing women group for goat farming as women are loyal to their work
- 2. We select 50 houses at initial, most poor family out of poor family
- 3. We support 50 families with a pair of goats, 4 Boer Bucks to group, construct goat sheds
 (Nepal Government Model), provide insurance to goats & bucks, medication of goats, training on
 Goat farming .We use model of proper goat farming
- 4. The recipient of goats have to return the kid for one time i.e recipient has to return a pair of kid (female) to group which they distribute to other needy family .In this way, for every six months 50 pairs of goats goes to another 50 more poor families. All the product is of good one as we use Boer Buck which grow faster and weighty. This breed is especially design for meat. Nepal import 500,000 bucks every year for meat. There is good market for meat of goat.

Tentative Budget

- A. Construction of 50 Goat Shed (Nepal Government Design): NPR. 1,500,000
- B. 50 Feeders Construction: NPR. 250,000
- C. 50 Forage Construction: NPR. 50000
- D. Purchase of 100 Boer Goats (50%): NPR . 1,500,000
- E. Purchase of 4 Bucks (80% Boer Breeds): NPR . 180,000
- F. Medicine for 100 goats & 4 bucks : NPR. 199,992
- G. Vaccination for 100 goats & 4 bucks: NPR. 199,992
- H. Parasite Control for 100 goats & 4 bucks: NPR. 66,664
- I. Transportation of 100 goats, 4 bucks & construction materials: NPR.150,000
- J. Insurance of 100 goats & 4 bucks: NPR. 24,750
- K./Training of Goat Farming for 7 days; NPR.100000
- L. Monitoring/Evauation Cost : NPR.100000
- M. Project Management Cost For 6 months: NPR.120000
- N. Contingency Cost: NPR.400000

Total Cost: NPR. 4,841,398 (USD. 40,345)

